1F 410 92 File B

G. R. S. IX-5

Previous references.

~~191~~ 1837-8

(2 83)

File No. 2-1837

Serial Nos. 1-6

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1-6

Re ~~Part~~ B for March 1860

SUBJECT.

Levy of tax on iron furnaces

W D 1250—GPB—30,000 28-1-19

Forwarded

No

To K.B.2-1837-1

No. 318. (1)

The Officiating Secretary
to the Commissioner for the Govt
of the Territories of the Rajahof
Mysore

Sir

With reference to the accom-
panying correspondence with the Amildar
of Nuggar I have the honor to suggest
for the consideration of the Commissioner
the propriety of encouraging the manufa
tory of iron and steel in this Division
by consolidating and reducing the heavy
tax to which under a variety of forms
it is now subject.

2 Culmies, or smelting houses
exist in every Talook except Coppa Coo
lidroog Chiccamoogaloor and Burryhur
and were formerly much more numerous
than at present particularly in Terriker
and Bollaghonoor. The iron and steel
produced in them have long been in

repute in this part of India and would now appear to have attracted attention, and that too most favorably, at Bombay, and even in England for I have no doubt that the iron of Nuggar is intended in the following extract which I recently observed in a Bombay newspaper as having been quoted by Mr Royle in an address to the Royal asiatic Society.

"Bombay 9th November 1835. (Intelligence received by the Steamer Hugh Lindsay.)"
"A small quantity of iron manufactured"
"in this Country (India) has been brought"
"here from Nomptah (on the Malabar Coast)"
"and Rupees 59 per Candy (746⅔ lbs) have"
"been refused for it, while at this date,"
"English iron was selling at Rupees 32½"
"per Candy, and Swedish, at Rupees 49"
"per Candy." I have also lately seen some Agents of the Cumpta Soucars who related here for the purchase of iron from Djampoor and Ubrani

3. The mode of taxing iron is little that

that of levying all the petty taxes, very ano
malous and differs in almost every Talu
Iron and Steel are every where subject
to the general Sayer duties according to the
rate at each Cuttai but besides this
the founderies are taxed in various
ways, sometimes they pay Kartha at
from 1 to 3 Pagodas per annum to the
Sayer, some times a similar sum to the
Renter of the Chillerabule and even in
some cases as in Ajampoor & Cuttack
to all of these Heads of Revenue. Send
a statement in English and Hindoo of
the revenue derived from iron & Steel
in the year Manamata under each of
these several Heads of account from
which it will be seen that the tax
on the manufacture amounted to 657-
7-6. and that on the article produced
to 908. 7. 3. The plan which appears
to me simplest and likely to give the
greatest encouragement to a branch of

trade and manufacture which seems capable of being augmented to an important extent would be to abolish altogether the taxes on the manufacture and only retain the levies at the frontier Chowkies where the General rates of 5 per Cent might be levied. It may reasonably be expected that the revenue realized under this arrangement, will in two or three years equal the present sum and the amount relinquished in the mean time will be too well to be felt in the general Resources of the Division.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedt. servt.

Agra

Superintendent

Nuggur Division
Superintendents Office
Sheomogur 15th July 1837

Revenue derived from Iron and Steel in the Nuggar Division in the Year Rammathee.

Talucks	Included in the Shimoga Gumma. Sunda or Anil's Settlement Tax on Culms or smelting houses & founderies	Rent &c. Included in moon the the Village Total- Chickabab Settlement	Hearth or tuion Culms	Included in the Sayer Transit duties On Iron	On Steel	On Iron Cadiron	Total	Total Sayer	Grand Total-
1 Sagur		3 " "	3 " "	10 6 3	2 3	" " "	10 8 6	0 8 6	13 8 6
2 Nuggar		9 " "	9 " "	101 7 15	" 3 2	" 8 12	102 9 13	16 9 13	115 9 15
3 Coulidroog		" " "	" " "	48 7 9	" " 2	" 8 4	49 5 15	49 5 15	49 5 15
4 Coppa		" " "	" " " 8	4 1 "	" 2 "	" " "	4 3 "	4 5 8	4 5 8
5 Tuckwoly		7 " "	7 " " 7 8	3 1 10	1 1 4	" 2 8	4 5 6	11 7 14	18 7 14
6 Lorcot		10 2 8	11 6 4 6 "	" 4 8	" " 2	6 6 12	7 1 6	43 1 6	54 7 10
7 Shiccarpoor		67 6 4	67 6 4 5 4	20 3 2½	" 2 8	5 6 4	26 1 14	31 3 2	98 9 6
8 Shaumoga		107 2 8	107 2 8 39 11	143 2 5	3 9 11	" " "	147 2 "	86 2 11	293 5 3
9 Honally		36 6 14	36 6 14 24	189 7 1	5 1 10	" " "	204 8 11	24 6 11	271 3 9
10 Harryhur		" " "	" " "	58 8 13	1 3 12	" " "	60 2 9	60 2 9	60 2 9
11 Sirikerry	166 7 3	" " "	166 7 3 "	125 6 9	1 6 1	" 1 4	127 3 14	27 3 14	294 1 1
12 Chiccanoogaloor		" " "	" " " 1	55 5 6	" 6 2	" " "	56 1 8	57 6 8	57 6 8
13 Chennagery		23 7 8	23 7 8 4	73 " 8	1 1 15	" " "	74 2 7	84 " 13	107 8 5
14 Cudoor		92 2 8	92 3 8	33 " 3	" " "	" " "	33 " 3	33 " 3	125 2 "
Total	168 " 15	356 8 2	524 9 1 132 25	868 2 14	26 " 8	14 3 12	908 7 3	1041 5 8	1566

Asm
Sub-Assistant

1837

From

Sub Nuggur

Dated 11th

Rec'd 18th July

Transmits correspondence with the Chief of Nuggur suggests for the Commissioners the propriety of encouraging the Manufacture of Iron in that Country by reducing the Tax to which it is now subject

LB 2-1837-2
Jo

(2)

No: 171.

The Superintendent of the Nuggur Division.

Sir

Revenue Department.

I have had the honor to lay before the Commissioner your letter No: 318 of the 14th ultimo, proposing the abolition of all duties on Iron and Steel, except a frontier Tax of 5 per cent the effect of which you conceive will be to encourage the manufacture and trade in those articles and am directed in reply to observe that the Commissioner concurring in the expediency of that measure authorizes the abolition of those Taxes accordingly which have hitherto been levied on Iron Smelting Houses and on those articles in transit and the establishment in lieu thereof of a frontier Duty of 5 per cent to be regulated in such way as you may consider most advisable.

2. The Commissioner would not thus have anticipated the general measure of the Rawanah System which has already been proposed by you, but the consideration of which he has felt proper to postpone for the present, had it not appeared from the statements made in your letter that the existing duties on Iron and Steel prove so important a drawback on their

manufactured and the trade in them the removal of which ought not therefore to be delayed - and he will be glad to learn the practical effect of the measure now sanctioned when sufficient experience has enabled you to form a judgment on the subject. ——

I have &c &c.
/Signed/ A. Clarke
Offg Secretary.

Mysore Commissioner's Office
Bangalore
5th August 1837

Copied from the Do Register of the Mysore Division.

True copy.
P. L. Wille
Asst Commissioner

Copies
87

Comm[r]
Erk
20/8/37

No 158

Nuggur Division
Superintendents' Office

3

To
The Secretary
to the Commissioner for the Govern-
ment of the Territories of H. H
the Rajah of Mysore.

L.B. 2-1837-3

Sir

In the year 1837 Mr Stokes recommended in his letter dated 14th July No 318 that the system of Revenue derived from iron and steel should be changed, and that a frontier duty of five per cent should be collected on Exports. He showed that the Revenue in the year Manamatha 1835/36 in the former system as Karka, transit duties and Mothurfa, was C Rs 1566-4-9 and expected that in two or three years the frontier duties would fully equal this amount and that the proposed modification would greatly increase the manufacture of the Articles. The change was ordered in Letters from your Office dated 5th August 1837 No 171 and 19 September idem No 203. As regards the manufacture the expectation has been realized, but the Revenue has fallen so much that I think it necessary to bring the

the subject before the Commissioner and again to modify the system.

3 The accompanying Statement shows the Revenue of each year from Doonmookie 1836/37 to Soungya 1849/50. The falling off commenced immediately after the change, and the Revenue has since made no approach to its former amount. The Average of the first five years from Haveliambee inclusive was C. Rs. 834-4-9, of the next four C. Rs. 782-2-12¾ and of the last four 553-1-12¾. The Revenue of Doonmookie was collected on the old principle. This great falling off is while the manufacture has greatly increased.

3 The number of Coolinees in Sharvarce 1840/41 (before which year no account was taken of the number) was 226, there were in Soungya, 1849/50, 352.

4 The falling off is therefore attributable to something else than decline in the trade. I have no hesitation in attributing it to smuggling, and am fortified in this opinion by the great increase of smuggling in every article liable to duty, and by the seizure last year of 15 Maunds of iron, which were being smuggled into the Sharvar Country.

5 I think it desirable to substitute a local tax or duty instead of a frontier duty whenever practicable and would suggest that either a tax should be put on each Coolmee to be adjusted at the Summumbundy or a stul bhurtee put upon the produce I prefer the former for several reasons. It is more secure more easily collected and does not lead to smuggling. It is moreover desirable to get rid of sayer duties as much as possible rather than to establish more for it is impossible to prevent smuggling a tax on Coolmees can hardly be evaded and if the assessment be judiciously made in consideration of location means of the manufacturer, quality of the ore and other circumstances, need not be a greater burden upon the manufacture than a frontier duty is. This kind of tax assessed yearly may be made a more equitable tax than a stul bhurtee which would allow of no discrimination

6 There were in Soumeyah 353 Coolmees in the Division each Coolmee it is estimated on the best information I can get yields 600 Maunds of iron a year making full allowance for all interruptions of work. There are on this

this moderate calculation 21,200 Maunds produced yearly. Of this, on the following calculation, 92,080 Mds may be supposed to be exported, the revenue from which should be C.P.s 1151, whereas the average of the last four years is 555-1-12¾ about half what it ought to be.

There were in Tounoyah 7,899 ploughs in the Division, a plough will last 3 years, each plough requires 1/2 Maund to make it. The average yearly quantity of iron therefore required for each plough is 1/2 Maund this gives 39,349 1/2 Mds. Supposing that for other agricultural instruments and domestic purposes the same quantity is required, and again the same quantity for bundles of different kinds, there may be expended in the Division 118048 1/2 Maunds. The Sayer Accounts shew that the average for 3 years of the exportation into other Divisions is 1071 1/2 Mds

Produced in 352 Coolmees ——— 21,200 Mds

Deduct

Expended in the Division — 118,048 1/2

Exported to other Divisions ——— 1,071 1/2 — 119,120

Leaving for Exportation ——————— 92,080

Putting a tax on Coolmees equal to

five

five per cent on the produce and calculating at the lowest price one Rupee a mound the revenue would be as follows Five per cent on 211200 Rs is 10560 Rs equal to C Rs 3630 nearly seven times the average collections of the last 4 years.

I think considering the following circumstances that this rate is not too high. So many duties and taxes have been abolished that this tax may well be put on, it will scarcely be felt by the people generally. The condition of those likely to be affected by it at all is so much improved that they can well bear it.

The demand for iron is very greatly increased in the County owing to the increase of cultivation, of the rapidly increasing use of carts by merchants and inhabitants generally which is attributable to the good roads and bridges made at a large outlay. All forest taxes which formerly weighed heavily on the manufacturers especially in the essential article of Charcoal have been abolished. All the articles required for the manufacture are now obtained free of tax. Considerable mischief is done to the forests by the manufacturers who are privileged to cut wood without any application to the authorities.

The

The frontier duty will be abolished. and should the rate at any time be found too high, it can be modified according to circumstances at the Sunnumdy.

10. At the Frontier, could all smuggling be prevented, would produce the same amount of Revenue, but something would have to be deducted for the expense of increased sagar and preventive establishments.

11 The accompanying statement shewing the expenses and profits of a Coolnee may be of use in forming a judgment on this subject.

12 In the above calculations and remarks, I have not taken Steel into consideration. The production of it is so small as not to be worth it. The Revenue derived from it in Neelakia was Co. Rs. 10-2-½, and in Soonegya Co. Rs. 9-11-½.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your Most obedient Servant

Shemoga
23d. September
1857

W. G. Ouchterlony
Superintendent

No 1

Statement of Sayer Collections on Iron & Steel from Dor
mokee 1836/37 to Soumeya 1849/50 inclusive

Years	Iron		Steel		Iron things		Total	
	Cs	fs	Cs	fs	Cs	fs	Cs	fs
Dormookhee 1836/37	2220	1 5½	54	9 11½	34	8½	2309	1 9½
Jevulumbee 1837/38	945	4 10½	22	1 14	27	1 33¼	970	3 12¼
Julumbee 1838/39	761	6 ¼	20	3 13½	26	4 33¼	808	4 1½
Seeaee 1839/40	791	3 11	19	4 15	8	7 8	819	6 2
Sarvuree 1840/41	765	9 6¼	29	4 14¼	18	5 4	813	9 8½
Sluva 1841/42	715	8 1	26	9 15	17	1 8	759	9 8
Soobhucritoo 1842/43	632	3 5½	21	3	31	2 15½	684	6 8
Soobhuentoo 1843/44	788	3 11	26	9 13¾	46	7 15½	812	1 8¼
Crodhee 1844/45	756	8 6¾	29	9¾	28	2 2¼	814	1 2¾
Vishwavoosoo 1845/46	621	9 7¼	19	5	176	7 8½	818	1 15¾
Tarabhuva 1846/47	407	5 3½	22	9 7¼	260	2 11	690	7 5¾
Bhuvenja 1847/48	282	5 5½	12	11	223	7 7½	518	3 8
Reeshee 1848/49	182	5 8¼	10	2 ½	244	3 5¼	437	11
Soumeah 1849/50	124	5 4¼	9	¼	241	3	374	5 7½

Sumoga 23d September 1847

W. C. Rushout
Superintendent

No. 2

Statement of costs and profits of a Koolmee

outlay required to establish a Koolmee

5	Ne. Buffaloes at 10 Rs each	50-"-.
	Iron instruments	15-"-"
2	Pairs of Bellows	20-"-"
1	Crucible	6-"-"
	Advances to be made to workmen	200-"-"
		291-"-"

Say Rs 300.

Number of Men to be employed for a Koolmee

For	Burning and conveying charcoal	2.
"	Digging and conveying Stones	4.
"	Breaking Stones	2.
"	Bellows men	4.
To	manage the crucible	1.
For	cutting the iron into pieces	3.
	Blacksmith	1.
	Hammer men	3.
	Maistree	1.
		21.

The Koolmee is worked twice in the day. Each time rendering about 1¼ Maund. Thus the quantity smelted every day is about 2½ Maunds.

At this rate for 365. days in the year — 912 Mds.

Deduct.

For interruptions in the monsoon 228.

For holidays &c — 84. — 312.

Remainder — 600. Mds.

Value at 1 Rupee the Maund Rupees — 600.

This sum is decided into 33 shares of Rupees. 18-2-11 each.

10 Shares to the Capetalist Rs — 181-13-

23/33 Shares to the following workmen

21 Shares to the 21 men above mentioned 381-13-3.

2 Additional shares viz.

One to the Blacksmith and the other to the Maistry — 36-5-10. — 418-3-"

Total — 600-"-"

W. C. Blackett

Superintendent

Enclosed in letter from the
Supt. of Nagpur No. 158
dated 23 September 1857

1854 Nov 2

From.
Lieut. Ruggles.
Dated 22nd
Rec'd 27th } September

With reference to former correspondence, recommends a modification in the system of proving Shrapnel on the manufacture of iron and steel in his division.

(4)

No. 146.

L.B. 2-1837-4

To the Supt. of Indian
Affairs &c &c &c

Sir

I have reference to your letter
No 158 of the 23d September,
and No 178 of the 29th October
I have the honor, by the
Commissioners desire, to inform
you that the subject of the
evidence herewith sent from
is now under his consideration
and that he is therefore not
prepared to authorize any
immediate change in the
present system

20th Nov. 1837

Raymond Lt. R.E.

1851.

Sir.

Supt. Haggin
d. Fort 26th November

With reference to his
letters of the 23rd Septr
and 9th October informs
him that the Commrs
not at present prepared
to authorize any change
in the present system of
Recruiting Service, but
will continue during

y 1855 No. 182

Sept. Augt.

d 28th September

Details of particulars
regarding the tax
hitherto levied in Sylhet
and steps to be taken
and recommended for
of 12 Rs. to be levied
each Revenue payable annum
Office

Answered

No. 178

Dy. Collr.

No. 2 Dy. 14. Branch/60

No 178.

Nuggur Division
Superintendent's Office

5

To
The Officiating Secretary
to the Commissioner for the Govt of the
Territories of H.H. the Rajah of Mysore

Sir,

1. The abolition of the Frontier Chokies and with them all duties of a frontier nature having left the trade of Iron and Steel a free one, I have the honor to bring to the Commissioner's notice that those articles are not the produce of a foreign country but manufactured in this Division at a great destruction of the Government Jungles, and that they yielded last year a Revenue of not less than Rupees 1615-6-9 at 5 per cent upon the quantity exported beyond the limits of the Mysore Territory. Colonel Onslows Report + noted in the margin renders it unnecessary for me to enter into a detailed account of what took place on the subject from the beginning, further than that the number of Koalmies has increased + more than

+ No 158 dated 23d September 1857.

than 40 per cent, while the revenue realised a decrease since the year previous al-
though 6 per Cent more (1849/50) the
comparison drawn in the margin.

	No. of Rootmees.	Amt. of Duty and Excise.
1849/50 -	352 -	1671-6-6
1858/59 -	500 -	1615-6-9

The Commissioner was then directed to express
himself more explicitly to authorize any Change
in the existing system, vide letter from Com-
missioner No. 146 dated 26th November 1857. but
as that system is working no longer, some
arrangement is absolutely necessary to bring
the articles in question under proper taxation.

2 I quite agree with Colonel Ouchterlony
in saying that a tax upon Rootmees is the
most secure, and most easily collected
and does not lead to smuggling. There
were 500 Rootmees last year in this
Division on per margin, upon which
that years collections average at 3¼
rupees each, whereas the rate recommended by

Sagar Taluk	1
Soraba "	30
Chickanpoor "	25
Hunully "	10
Tuckully "	2
Cheetmoor Soor	17
Addoor "	63
Channighurry "	20
Chemunga "	64
Jossgherry "	148
Wastara "	33
Annantapore	27
Total	500

by that officer in the 8th paragraph of the report above quoted amounts to Rupees 30-
But no allowance was therein made for
agricultural implements for which I would
not recommend any tax being levied- The
calculations in the 7th paragraph of the said
report would show about half of the
Quantity produced in the Division to be
necessary for the local expenditure, and
making further allowance for any mis-
calculations I would recommend 12 Rupees
may very fairly be charged upon each
Koolnee per annum at which the
revenue to be derived may be estimated
at Rs 60 000 with reference to the last
years number of Koolnees- This Amount
though 4 times as much as what it was
last

last year, it must be less than the corresponding months in reference to the collections in the year previous to the introduction of the present rate viz 1835/36, in which they amounted to £56-15-5 upon no more than two thirds of an average rate of £81-2-7 each, and the most last average of 3/4. 2d. since obtained in about three months, is doubtless attributable to nothing but smuggling under the circumstances explained in the first part of paragraph 2 upon which reference. The rate now recommended is therefore only to be per cent of the original one, I have every reason to believe that it would, in appearance of course the rights of the Crown to a reasonable equivalent without any check to the progress of the commerce.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obed.t servant
J. Yeoll

Capt.n Elliot Superv.r
Dublin
21st September 1837

No 25

L.B 21837

6

Seb

To.

The Superintendant
Nagpur Division.

Sir,

In reply to your letter No 178 of the 20th of last September. I have the honor by desire of the Commissioner to inform you that under the circumstances therein stated you have his authority to levy a tax of Rs: 12/ on each Koolmy.

Should you find this tax act as a check upon the manufacture of Iron and Steel; you will be so good as to inform the Commissioner of the same, with a view to its modification

Signed/ J. L. Pearse
Offg Secretary.

Dated 25th March 1860.

Copd.
WJ.

A true copy from the
"No" Register

Compd.

List of Coffee Pattahs in duplicate forwarded for signature.—

No. of the land	Talook	Name
1	Bailoor	Byrai Gowdah
1	Do	Sidday Gowdah of Bylalle Village
15	Do	Cuppay Gowdah of Hossahullee
19	Do	Dareerumah of Narmaar Village.
23	Do	Bussanah of Akkehully.
29	Do	S. Ramah Pongaree of Hanoomunt Dararoo.
29	Do	Roodrah of Salavarah.
5	Do	Mearee Gowdah.
4	Do	Gowday Gowdah
2	Do	Krustha Gowdah.
1	Do	Do
15	Do	H. Naranapah.
16	Do	Marootiah
47	Do	Chuckaveera Chetty & Roodra Chetty
82	Do	Linga Gowdah Nunja Gowdah & Biswa Gowdah.
4	Do	Mullah of Kaddy gurjah
106	Do	Amai Gowdah son of Mullay Gowdah. Callay Gowda.
5	Do	B. Dareerunnee wife of B. Sidday Gowdah fa 3 men 5 men.
10	Do	Berray linga dararoo and Bussaray Gowdah of Buckkavally—
85	Do	Nirvanee and Linnah fa 6 men of Nundypoore.
	Do	Nagappiah of Coolavahully
57	Munjarabad.	Timmana Chetty of Hoogga hully
58	Do	Pakumah son of Shakally of Hooggayhully
3	Do	Boodna brother of Abdool Nabbee of Davyhully.
4	Do	Veeray Gowda of Davyhully
12	Do	Chenhapa Gowdah Hooggahully Pattah.
27	Do	Poottay Gowdah and Ramay Gowdah of Keesiahully & Others
16	Do	Coorbodinna Veeray Gowdah of Do.
55	Do	Shaikully Sait of Hooggaihully.
43	Do	Byray Gowdah and Vasuntay Gowdah of Antoor.

4	Immyarabad	Lingi Gowdah and Busway Gowdah of Coddarhully
34	Do "	Chennappa Gowdah Hoogayhully Pattah
9	Do "	Verrabadradavaroo & Mullaydavaroo of Comdally
5	Do "	Billoor Coomara of Dayhully
4	Do "	Devachar Bassavalingiah Bussavanahully pettah
7	Do "	Poppa Gowdana Rama Gowdah of Bykerry
120	Do "	Gorreroy Buswah of Daradahully
35	Do "	Hussanara Moollah Son of Lidda of Gowdally
6	Do "	Ramacharry of Heuly
39	Do "	Bassavana Davaroo of amay huchul
1	Do "	Veeray Gowdah of Nundayhoora
3	Do "	Byrawal Son of Joonjah of Mavernally
121	Do "	Haynaway Gowdah of Daradanahully
122	Do "	J. Bodna Sahee of Do "
5-6	Do "	Iyannah Chetty of Hoogeyhully
5-6	~~Do~~	~~Nyaccengara Chetty of Do~~
100	Do "	Bypa Gowda of Davaveroondah
5-7	Do "	Seppiah Gowdah of Conajoor
5-7	Do "	Chiccana Gowdah of Do "
14	Do "	Sanbagur Sookraya of Batchully
121	Do "	Codigalador Moodeen Sahib of Moodgherry
22	Do "	Byray Gowdah and Comary Gowdah of Heechanahully
5	Do "	Moolla Gowdah of Vaddachanahully
"	Do "	J. C. Wallace Esquire of Lacavully
88	Do "	Gowerbede Ramabhetty
14	Do "	Agadalay Rama of Hanabal
1	Do "	Ramiah and Linnapa of Viraloppa
1	Do "	Addaloo Appunnah Chetty of Gadaloor (Canara)
20	Do "	Madegay Ramay Gowdah of Byrally
19	Do "	Haratter Byray Gowdah of Do "
21	Do "	Byrunnah of Beralkee
4	Do "	Munchay Gowdah of Byrahully
14	Do "	Balagay Calay Ramana Coddah of Do "
6	Do "	Davay Gowdah of Hoogahully
7	Do "	Byray Gowdah of Dawahully
10	Do "	Appa Gowdah of Avara Candoo
11	Do "	Dakee widow of Bollagy Munjee

46	Immjarabad	Billoor Soobbah of Hanayhall
45	Do	Rama of Hanahallay
19	Do	Verray Gowdah of Do
39	Do	Pyrah of Do
9	Do	Amoorthadoonadadavaroo of Davalakerray
59	Do	Soobramah of Hanachoor
2-6	Do	Byray Gowdah of Marahully & A. Soobbah
49	Do	Crappay Gowdah of Byray Gowdah of Caggyhully
51	Do	Rama Chetty of Moodgherry
7	Do	Mallay Gowdah of Anaymall
34	Do	Chinnee Ramay Gowdah of Hanahall
35	Bailoor	Mullaspooradavaroo Doogyammah of Soolagalaye
108	Do	Anday Gowdah and Balay Gowdah and Cs Henchay Gowdah sons of Mullay Gowda of Hoodeay
108	Do	Rama Comdana Balay Gowda of Do
3.	Immjarabad	Modakary Bommay Gowdah of Mercara

Signed H.G. Thomson
Offg: Deputy Superintendent
Hassan District

From

The Offg: Deputy Superintendent
Hassan District

No 802

To

The Offg: Superintendent
Ash Division.

Dy 20th November 1871.

With reference to Mr. D. G. Wallace's application for a Copy of the sale list of the Locality Puncha for which Putta No 135 has been granted to him has the honor to request the return of the Canarese Proceedings connected with the Puita, which was forwarded with several others for the Commissioner's signature with this office letter No 595 of the 26th October/64 with the duplicates, in order that the wish of the applicant may be complied with.—

"Signed" J. S. T. Mackenzie
Offg: Dy Superintendent
Hassan Dt

No 595.

Dy: Superintendents Office
Hassan District
Dated Hassan 26th Oct. 1864.

From—

From,

Captain H.G. Thomson
Offg: Dy: Superintendent.

To,

The Superintendent
Ash: Division

Sir.

I have the honor to annex a list of 83 Chuts in Sebundy Puttahs in duplicate, which are herewith submitted for signature.-

2-. The Proceedings connected with the cases containing Memoranda in English drawn up by the 2nd Class Assistant Superintendent, are attached to the duplicates of the puttahs.-

I have &c.
"Signd H.G. Thomson
Offg: Dy: Supt. Hassan.

"Copy"

Offg: Superintendent
Ash.

proceedings connected with coffee Puttah No. 135 granted in the name of Mr. Wallace.-

The proceedings together with the Patta appear to have been submitted for the Chief Commissioner's signature in the month of January 1866.-

Off[g]: Superintendent
Ash: Division

To The Drafter who will be good as to submit this to the Secretary with a report that the proceedings called for are forthcoming & that they can be forwarded to Salem if not

20-11-71

A Memo was directed on the Record the Proceedings referred to are no longer forthcoming

A certificate on the accounts Book kept in Coimbatore on this office in the matter of the return of 104 coffee Puttas to Orders sent with the respective Records on the 27th July 65 the date of Despatch & the carrying letter under which they came to hand

The re-transmission of 103 Puttahs after certain amendments was required except that of Mr. Wallace which was duly signed by the Chief Commissioner

To

The Superintt. of

The Secretary to the

Com.rs of Revenue

Dated

Despatched 10th " Marine

Received 20

Enclosures No.

General No. 532.

Rev. No. 113 } 1871-72.

Submits copy of dock

No. 802 dated the 2nd

instant from the Deputy

Superintendent Hassan Kh

together with copy of one

therein alluded to, and a

detailed list of boffee

Puttahs, and requests

favor of retransmitting

to this Office

Statement shewing the particulars of lands propo
Tulkad crops road in the Talkadi Talak.

Talukh	Mokhly	Village	Name of the original holders as per Survey Accounts	No. of the present holder and relationship with the original holder	Description of land whether wet or dry	Extent				Amount		
						R	C	S	T	Rs	As	P
Talkadi	Ramgramundra	Gurgeswary	Uppuyee Bhut	Nityanee Bhut grandson of the original holder	Wet	"	11	4		8		

Dy: Superintendents Office
Mysore 22 September 1871

" Copy "

Dy: Superintendents Office

ed to be granted in lieu of those taken up for the Mysore

Extent of land as per present survey.	Lands taken up for the road			Lands to be given				Remarks
	measurement in square yards	Extent		Nature of land	measurement in square yards	Extent		
		A.	R. P.			A.	R. P.	
	11.4	1 440	1 2½	Kumaramadra Kudiwaram Way	440	1	1 14 2½	A piece belonging to Land No. 131.

West "Mookkalen Muddaly" belonging to Kumaramadra Kudiwaram Way
East do.
South do.
North - Foot path leading to Bookkeeta and Mysore and Lands belonging to Pookketeram ate
On the 5th Oct. 1863, the land was taken up for the Mysore Sultan's Coops road - No Compensation

"Signed" J. M. McAuteliu
Dy Superintendent
Mysore District

Superintendent

Com: Gen:

I
24

Put up docket and submit to Commr's for orders
8/11

For report to date

2 Le

10/11

From Rev 1871 No 79
To The Superintendt.
Dated 3rd Ash Division
Despatched 7th The Secretary
Received To the Ch Comrs.
Rec'd Town of Illyeore
Enclosures No.

General No. 573.
A 10 } 1871 72.

Your docket No 2492 of the 19th of August 1871 calling for a statement Shewing the particulars of the Crown land proposed to be granted to Appa per Bhut on the Tulcad Talook in lieu of that taken up

The statement has been examined & found correct. In the proposed Conveyance may be granted to Appa per Bhut in lieu of that taken up for the purposes of the Railway.

16/11

Submitted for Chief Comrs
18/11

Recd 13/11/71 Mr Lowry

up for a road. -

As directed in the above, forwards herewith a detailed Statement containing all the information required in the above docket.

Offg: Superintendent
Ash: Division